

characteristics

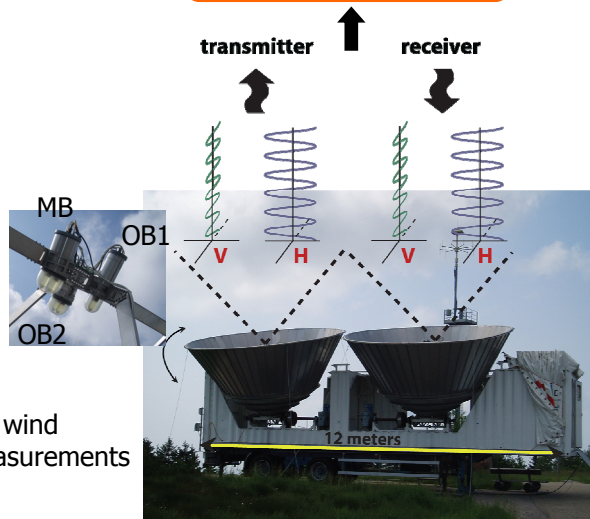
Portable Atmospheric Radar

with signal)
=9.09 cm)

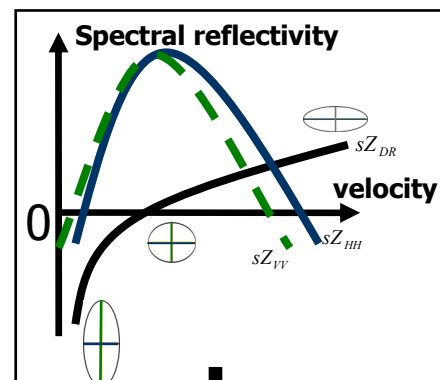
metric
fications:

OB2
For wind
measurements

Combination Doppler and
polarimetric measurements



$$\begin{matrix} sZ_{VV}(v) & sL_{DR,h}(v) \\ sZ_{HH}(v) & sL_{DR,v}(v) \\ s\rho_{co}(v) & sZ_{DR}(v) \end{matrix}$$



- signal processing
- atmospheric retrieval

Observations

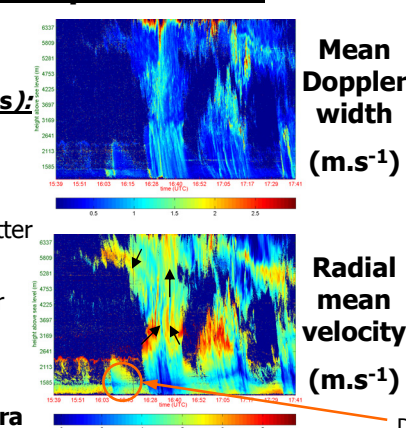
specifications:

- time res.: $\geq 3s$
- ΔR : 10m – 30m (res. volume related to R)
- Doppler res.: 3 cm.s^{-1}
- max. velocity: 22.5 m.s^{-1} / 39.9 m.s^{-1}
- max. range: 15 km ($\sim 10^\circ$)
- meteorological targets:
- ice / mixed-phase cloud
- Particle size $> 100 \mu\text{m}$
- precipitation: from drizzle

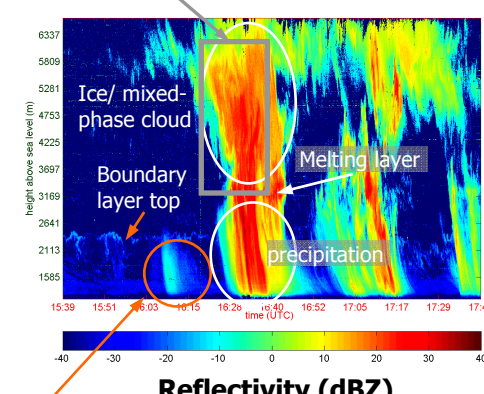
TARA not
sensitive to:

Outputs

Radar parameters:

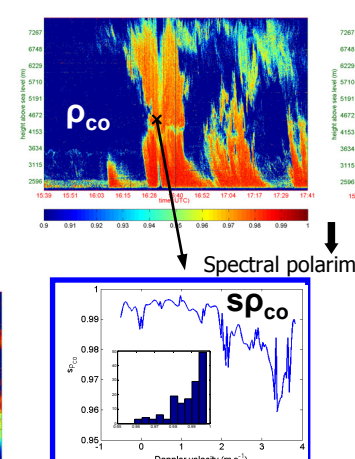
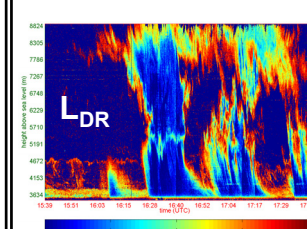


Microphysical retrieval box



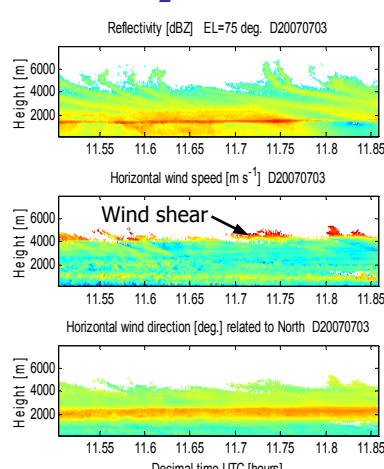
Polarimetric parameters:

- polarimetric parameters related to the microphysical properties of the ice particles



spectral parameters
information than inte

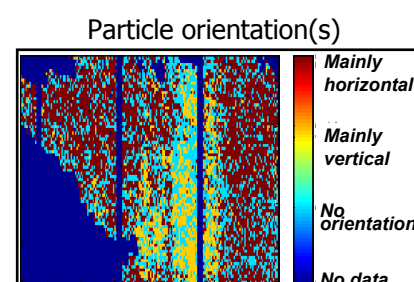
Level outputs



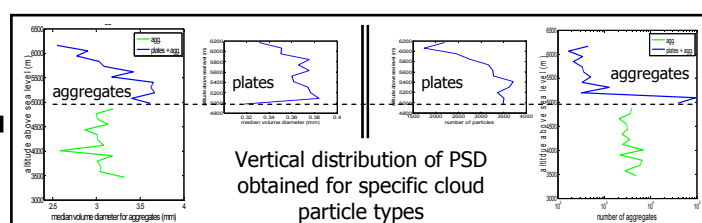
Microphysical characteristics of ice clouds⁽¹⁾ (under development):

① Full bins characterization:

- products: ice crystal habit(s) and orientation(s).
- principle: based on the use of spectral polarimetric parameters
- constrains: high reflectivity (above 0 dB) required



IWC
Nt



② PSD for specific configuration

- assumption: model particles spheroidal
- principle: fitting microphysical model polarimetric parameters

experience

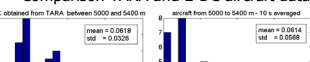
In summer 2007, TARA was part of the COPS campaign⁽³⁾

- retrieval evaluation with other sensors

- experience in data management (CEBA data bank)

Comparison
TARA and
radiosonde
launch

Comparison TARA and 2-DC aircraft data



HYMEX recommendations

- Sensor synergy: Full cloud system characterization, retrieval improvement and assessment

- For ground-based sensors on-site: Raman and Doppler lidars, radars, microwave radiometers

- TARA requirements prior to the campaign